

# 3.0KW INVERTER GENERATOR MAINTENANCE MANUAL



This maintenance manual contents regulations which should comply to in daily maintenance and trouble removal on generator.

Please make sure serviceman could read this manual anytime.

This maintenance manual describes the correct maintaining methods. Any personal injury or death or equipment damage, which because ignorance on these regulations, our company would remove the responsibility.

#### **NOTICE:**

All rights reserved by our company. Any reprinting without the written permission of our company is expressly prohibited.

#### **SAFETY NOTICE**

Your human safety and property are very important as well as others. Please ready following safety notice in this manual and on generator decals, each safety notice has a symbol  $\triangle$ .

failure to follow this instruction could result in extreme severe injury.

A 警告 Failure to follow this instruction might result in severe injury.

Failure to follow this instruction might result in injury.

注意 Failure to follow this instruction, your generator or other property would be damaged.

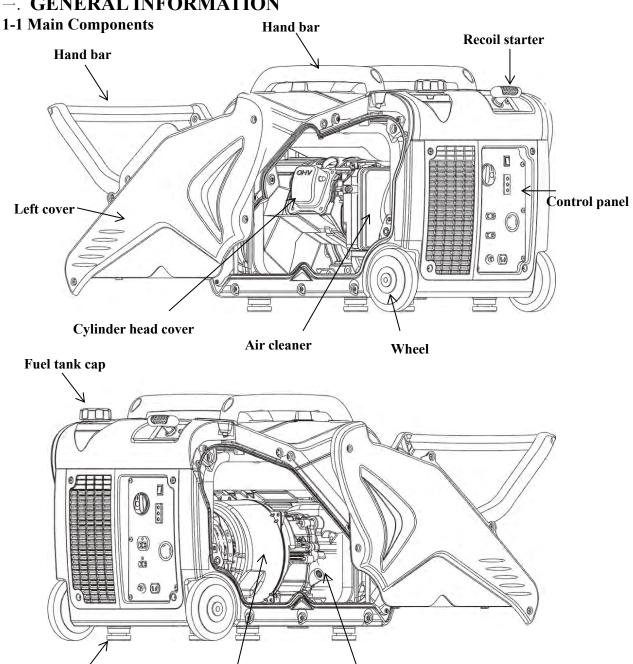
注意 If no torque written, please refer to appendix -- Torque Table.

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## -. GENERAL INFORMATION



Oil dipstick

Shroud

Cushion

## 1-2 General parameter

(	Generator model	R3000IS/R3000ISP	
	Туре	Silent inverter generator	
	Frequency /Hz	50Hz/60Hz	
	Rated voltage /V	100V/120V/220V/230V/240V	
	Max power /kVA	3.1	
Motor	Rated power /kVA	2.8	
	Power Factor	1	
	Waveform deviation factor/%	≤%3	
	Noise (3/4 load)	65dB	
	DC output / V-A	12V/8A	
	Engine model	R210-I	
E i	Engine type	OHV	
Engine	Displacement /cc	212	
	Fuel type	Gasoline	
	Fuel tank capacity /L	7L	
	Rated load continuum running time /h	5	
Engine	Engine oil capacity /mL	0.55	
	Spark plug model	F6RTC ( Or NGK model:BPR6ES )	
	Starting system	Recoil starter	
Diameter	L*W*H/mm	605×432×493	
	Net weight /kg	37kg	

## 1-3 Repair standard

Components	Items	Standard	Limitation
Gasoline engine	Max unload speed Cylinder pressure	3600±100 0.45~0.69/600rpm	1 1
Cylinder	Inner diameter	70~70.015	70.065
Piston	Piston skirt outer diameter Piston-cylinder clearance Inner diameter of piston pin hole Piston pin outer diameter Clearance between Piston pin and piston pin hole	69.975~69.985 0.015~0.04 18.002~18.008 17.992~17.998 0.004~0.016	69.925 0.13 18.018 17.982 0.036
Piston ring set	Piston ring sets side-gap: first ring/second ring  Piston ring sets close gap:	0.03~0.07   0.55~0.8075	0.14   1.1075
	first ring/second ring	0.6~0.8575	1.1575
Connecting rod	Inner diameter of smaller end Inner diameter of bigger end Oil clearance of bigger end Big-end side gap:	18.011~18.022 30.22~30.23 0.035~0.055 0.75~1.35	18.06 30.27 0.12 1.55
Crankshaft	Crank outer diameter	30.175~30.185	30.145
Valve	Valve clearance Intake / Exhaust Outer diameter of valve stem Inner diameter of intake valve guide Outer diameter of exhaust valve guide Exhaust / Intake Contact width of valve seat Spring free length	0.05~0.10 0.05~0.10 5.5~5.512 5.5~5.512 0.7~0.9 30.5	 5.560 5.560 2.0 29.5
Camshaft	Height of cam Intake Exhaust Journal outer diameter	27.59 27.56 14.166~14.184	27.29 27.26 
Crankcase cover	Inner diameter of camshaft hole	14.2~14.218	12.248
Spark plug	Clearance	0.7-0.8	
Cap of spark plug	Resistance	10kΩ	

#### **二**. MAINTENANCE

#### 2-1 Maintenance table

Regular maintenance contributes to safety, economic, no malfunction and environmental protection.

Exhaust contents toxic carbon monoxide, please stop the engine before maintenance. If you have to implement the maintenance when generator running, please make sure the working area is draughty.

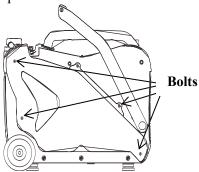
Regular maintenance table:

Regular maintenance table		Each time	20h or the first month of begin to use (3).	50h or every 3 months (3)	100h or every 6 months (3)	300h or every year (3)
Engine oil	Check oil level	0				
	Replace		0		0	
A * 1	Check	0				
Air cleaner	Clear			○(1)		
Fuel cup	Clear				0	
Spark plug	Clear				0	Replace
Valve clearance	Re-adjust					○(2)
Cylinder head cover	Clear	Every 300h (2)				
Fuel tank and strainer	Clear	Every two years (2)				
Fuel hose Replace		Every two years (2)				

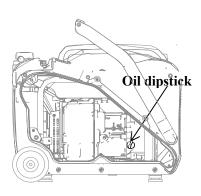
- (1) Please increase the maintenance frequency if generator used in dusty area.
- (2) These items should be maintained by franchised dealer.
- (3) These items should be maintained in proper time interval as requested to insure generator's life.

#### 2-2 Engine oil

- 1) Put generator on horizontal plane.
- 2) Loosen the bolts as marked, remove the cover. (Pull the cover back slightly and then pull it up).
- 3) Loosen the oil dipstick, and empty the oil in crankcase
- 4) Put generator on horizontal plane, adding new oil until to the upper limit. Tighten the oil dipstick.



If skin contacts to engine oil too frequently, this might result in skin cancer. Please clean the oil on your skin clearly with soap and water immediately.





5) Assemble the cover, tighten bolts

**Note**: Every time before use generator, place it on horizontal plane, stop the engine and check oil level.

- 1. Take the oil dipstick and clean the oil.
- 2.Put dipstick in crankcase but tighten it, and check the oil level.
- 3.If the oil level is low, please add recommended oil until the upper level.

Recommended engine oil:

SAE 15W -40

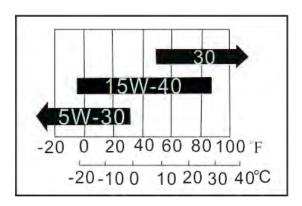
Recommended engine oil standard:

API Standard: SE or higher

Oil capacity: 0.38L

For environmental protection, please dispose the oil properly. We recommended that put oil in a sealed container and send it to relevant recycle bin. Do not throw oil into refuse dump or other place.

# A 小心



#### 2-3 Air cleaner

Dirty air cleaner will affects the air into carburetor. For reducing carburetor faulty, please maintain the air cleaner regularly (As maintenance table shows) and increase the maintenance frequency if generator used in dusty area.

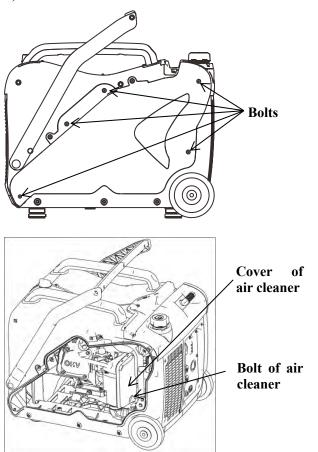


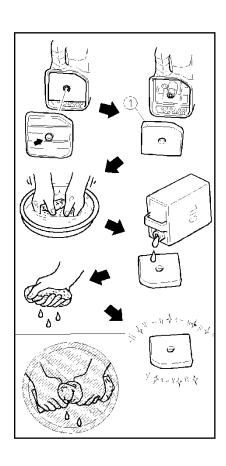
Use gasoline or inflammable solvent to clean air cleaner element could result in fire or explosion. Please clean the element with soap water of uninflammable solvent.



Start the generator without air cleaner assembly is prohibited, which will increase engine abrasion.

- 1) Loosen bolts as marked, remove cover, take the screw③,remove air cleaner cover④.
- 2) Check air cleaner element, make sure it is complete and clean.
- 3) If the element is dirty, please clean foam element with detergent, squeeze the water and then drop a drop of oil, squeeze the element.
- 4) Assemble the element and air cleaner cover.

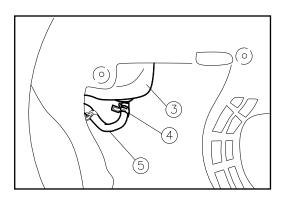


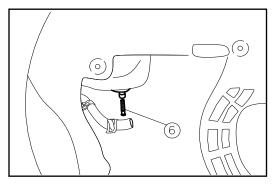


#### 2-4 Clean fuel strainer

Fuel strainer is designed for preventing dust into carburetor. If generator isn't used for a long time, please clean fuel strainer after empty fuel tank.

- 1) Remove the cover (refer to air cleaner maintenance step 1), empty fuel tank.
- 2) Squeeze clip 4, pull it down, and pull the fuel hose 5 out, which connected to fuel tank.
- 3) Remove fuel strainer.
- 4) Clean fuel strainer with gasoline.
- 5) Dry it and assemble it back.
- Assemble fuel hose and clip back, open fuel switch, check if any fuel leakage on fuel strainer.
- 7) Assemble cover back.





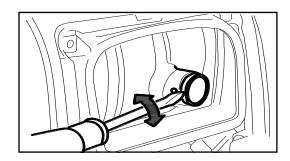
#### 2-5 Spark arrestor

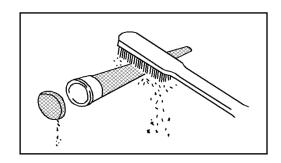
**A 警告** Gasoline is flammable and explosive. Smoking, open fire and spark are prohibited in working area.

After reassembling generator, please check if any fuel leakage before start the generator and make sure work area is dry.

A 警告 Hyperthermal muffler could result in serious scale. Please maintain muffler after it cool-down.

In regard to clean spark arrestor, please refer to maintenance table. Remove spark arrestor after generator cool-down. If spark arrestor is damaged, please replace it. Clean the carbon deposition with wire brush. Assemble spark arrestor back, tighten it with screw.



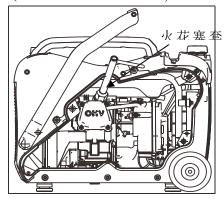


#### 2-6 Spark plug

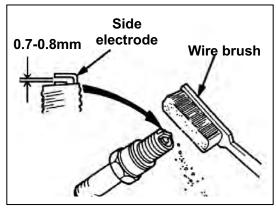
Use incorrect model or caloricity of spark arrestor could decrease engine performance and damage it.

If keep engine running, spark plug and muffler would very hot. Please be careful and don't touch them.

- 1) Remove the cover (refer to air cleaner maintenance step 1), spark plug sleeve and cap.
- 2) Put spark plug kit (provide with generator) into spark plug, loosen it and take it down.
- 3) Check spark plug, the model is F6RTC (or NGK model: BPR6ES)



If electrode is damaged, insulator is broken, please replace it. If spark plug could be used, then clean the carbon deposition on it with wire brush. 4) Adjusting the gap of spark plug, you can bend the electrode slightly to keep the gap between 0.70-0.80 (mm).



- 5) Check the spark plug retainer. When assemble spark plug, turn it in screw with hand to avoid improper assembly.
- 6) After put spark plug on retainer, press it tightly with spark plug wrench.

The torque of spark plug: 15 N\*m

Spark plug should be assemble properly and tightly, if not, it may damage the engine.

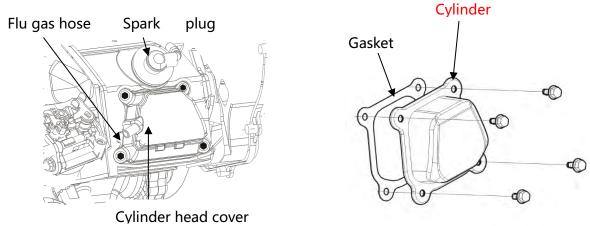
Please use recommended or the same standard spark plug. It is prohibited to use improper spark plug with improper caloricity.

#### 2-7 Valve clearance adjustment

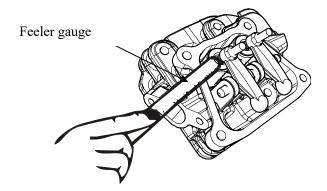
There always be clearance between valve end and its transmitted parts, in case of contraction which would effect engine work. If the clearance is in excess, it would result in higher back-pressure and higher noise (abnormal noise from valve) and decrease engine performance. If the clearance is insufficient, it would make the valve can't be sealed totally, which might result in abnormal performance or burning the working surface of relevant parts of valve.

Generally, after 100h or 1 year using, you have to check the valve clearance and adjust it.

• Disassemble these parts in turn: spark plug cap, spark plug, cylinder head cover and gasket.



- Pull the starter coil to make the piston on the top dead center.
- Measure the clearance of valve.

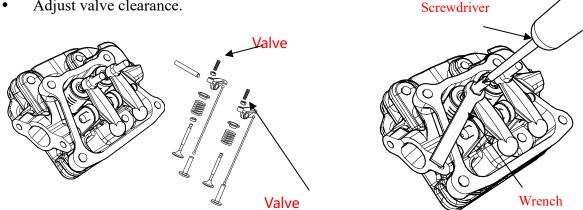


• If the clearance is beyond the standard, please adjust it.

注意

Please measure the clearance after engine cool-down.

Adjust valve clearance.



Adjustment steps: loosen the tighten bolt, turn the adjustment nut to a proper position, and tighten the adjustment nut.

Valva alaamana	Intake	0.05~0.10mm
Valve clearance	Exhaust	0.05~0.10mm

Adjust the bolt	Valve clearance
Tighten	Decrease
Loosen	Increase

Excess valve clearance: Both valves open behind, which will decrease the 注意 time of air intake and exhaust, lower the opening height of valves, make engine has insufficient air intake and can't exhaust clearly, and result in power decrease. Besides, it will increase the hit between relevant parts of valve and increase parts abrasion.

Insufficient valve clearance: In engine working, heat will expand parts which push valves away, and result in incomplete sealing of valve, power decrease and valve surface burning, even makes valves hit piston.

## Part 3 Trouble determine and maintenance

## **3-1 Trouble determine**

## 3-1-1 Start-up difficult

Pheno	Phenomenon			Causes	Methods of elimination
				No fuel oil in the oil tank	Add fuel oil
				The vent hole on the oil tank is blocked	Evacuate the blocking
			Poor flow of oil or	The main metering jet is improperly adjusted or blocked	Re-adjust or clean, blow open
		Fuel	oil does	The needle valve hole is	Dismantle the needle valve for repairing,
	Spark		not flow	blocked	cleaning and blowing
	plug	abnorm		The float is stuck or damaged	Repair the float
	norm al	al		Fuel is dirty or deterioration	replace oil
				oil mixed with water	replace oil
			oil blow fluently	Too much fuel in the cylinder	Discharge of oil, and dry the spark plug electrodes
Cylinder compression				The fuel marking No. is wrong	use the correct label
normal		High	The grant	Electrode dirty, carbon deposition	Clearing away the dirt and carbon deposit
		wire spark is	spark is bad	Insulator damage, electrode severe ablation	replace spark plug
	Fuel suppl	normal		The electrode gap is wrong	Adjust the electrode gap
	y is norm	High		High voltage wire is damaged	Replace high voltage wire
	al		The spark	Ignition coil is damaged	Replace the motor stator
		wire	plug	Magnet demagnetization	replace the fly wheel
		without	normal	The trigger is damaged	replace trigger
		spark		The clearance between the ignition coil and the flywheel is abnormal	adjust the gap

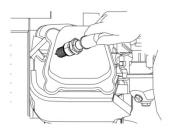
pheno	menon		Causes	Methods of elimination	
			Piston ring wearing limit	Replace with new piston ring	
			Piston ring break off	replace	
				Cementation of the piston ring	Clear away the carbon deposit
Cylinder			Spark plug gasket not installed or not tightened	Installed gasket and tighten it	
compression	Fuel	ignition	The junction surface of the cylinder body and cylinder cover	Check the unevenness of the cylinder	
is bad				cushion, cylinder body, and cylinder cover	
				junction surface	
				Tighten the bolts on the cylinder cover as	
			COVCI	per the torque required and in a certain	
				sequence	
			Air leakage of the valve	Check the valve clearance and the valve	
				air-tightness, and repair it when necessary	

• If the generator still cannot be started, please send it to our authorized distributor for maintenance and repair.

## Spark plug inspection

## warning!

- Ensure that there is no overflowing fuel oil outside the generator, and the sparkplug is not soaked by the fuel oil.
- To prevent fire, do not let the spark get close to the spark plug hole.
- When you test the spark plug, it is forbidden to use wet hands to hold the high-voltage power lines of the spark plug.
- Turn the fuel switch to "OFF" position, and put away the carburetor petrol.
- Remove the spark plug cap and spark plugs.
- Pull the starter handle and let out of the unburned gas.
- Install the spark plug cap.
- Turn the switch to "ON" position
- Let spark plugs of the negative electrode (the threaded portion) through the cylinder head connected to ground, pull the starter handle spark and observed state.

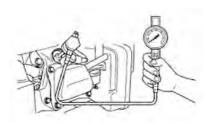


## 3-1-2 Underpower

Phenomenon		Causes	Methods of elimination
		There is air in the oil line or the oil line is blocked	Drain the air, clearing the oil line
		Improper adjustment of the main metering jet	Re-adjust the main metering jet
	Fuel oil	The needle valve opening and the main	
The rotating	supply	metering jet in the carburetor are	Cleaning, blowing open
speed increases	system	blocked	
slowly or even		The switch of oil tank is blocked	Clean and replace the bad parts
the rotating		There is carbon deposit in the	Clear away the carbon deposit
speed drops		combustion chamber	crear away the earbon deposit
down or there is		The air filter is blocked	Clean the filter element r
flameout when the accelerator		The piston, cylinder and the piston ring are worn.	Replace the wearing parts
is stepped on		There is air leakage in the junction	
	Improper	surface of the cylinder body and the	Replace the cylinder cushion
compress		cylinder cover	
		The valve clearance is too big (too	Do adjust it
		small)	Re-adjust it
		The valve is not sealed tightly	Repair it

## Inspection of the cylinder pressure.

- Drain the oil in the oil tank.
- Loosen the oil draining bolt of the carburetor, and drain the gasoline.
- Dismantle the spark plug cap and the spark plug, and install the cylinder pressure gauge on the spark plug hole.
- Pull the starter for several times, and measure the cylinder pressure.



# 3-1-3 Unstable speed

Phenomenon	Causes	Methods of elimination
	The piston, cylinder and piston ring wear too	
	seriously	Replace the wearing parts
Tapping sound	The piston pin and the pin hole wear too	Replace the piston or the
of the generator	seriously	piston pin
	The small end of the connecting rod wears	
	too seriously	Replace the connecting rod
	Overheat of the generator	Check the cause and eliminate it
		Clear away the carbon
Detonation	Carbon deposit in the combustion chamber	deposit
	The gasoline is unqualified	Replace with qualified gasoline
	There is water in the float chamber	Clean the float chamber
Failure of	The electrode clearance of the spark plug is not	A direct the electrode electrone
ignition of the	correct	Adjust the electrode clearance
generator	Foult of the ionition soil	Check and replace the damaged
	Fault of the ignition coil	parts

## **3-1-4** Failure of ignition

Phenomenon		Causes	Methods of elimination
		The fuel oil is used up	Adding fuel oil
		The carburetor is blocked	Check the oil line and clearing out
			it.
	Fuel supply series	here is oil leakage in the float	Denois the float models valve
		chamber.	Repair the float needle valve
Failure of ignition		The needle valve is stuck.	Dismantle the float chamber and
			eliminate the fault.
	Ignition series	The sparking plug	
		breakthrough, and there is	D 1 41 1 1
		short circuit of the carbon	Replace the spark plug
		deposit	

	The side electrode of the spark	Replace the spark plug, and
	plug falls off	eliminate the stuff that falls off
	The high-voltage cable falls off	replace it
	The ignition coil will	
	breakthrough and cause short	Replace the motor stator
	circuit	
	The stopping line falls on the	Find out the short circuit point and
	machine	re-insulate it.
0.1	Serious cylinder scuff, the	Repair and replace the damaged
Others	valve falls off	parts

# 3-1-5 Overheating of the generator

Phenomenon	Causes	Methods of elimination
	Insufficient engine oil	Add sufficient engine oil
	Blocking of the exhaust port	Clearing the exhaust port
	Air leakage of fan cover	Repairing the damaged
Overheat of	All leakage of fall cover	place
the	Blocking due to the sundries in the cooling fans	Clearing the cooling fans
generator	The deformation of the connecting rod will cause wearing of	Replacing the connecting
	the piston and the cylinder hole.	rod
	The cylinder, piston and piston ring are worn	Replacing the wearing parts.
	Improper adjustment of the speed controller of the generator,	Re-adjust the speed
	which will cause that the rotation speed is too high.	controller

## 3-1-6 Abnormal sound

Phenomenon	Causes	Methods of elimination
	The piston, cylinder and piston ring are worn.	Replacing the wearing parts.
	The connecting rod, the piston pin and the pin hole are damaged.	Replacing the wearing parts.
Tapping sound	The crankshaft main journal wear	Replace the bearing
	The piston ring will break off.	Replacing the piston ring
	the valve clearance is	Adjust the valve clearance
	too big	ragust the varve clearance

Metallic tapping	T 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Clearing away the	
	Too much combustion-chamber deposit	deposit	
sound at explosion	The fuel marking No. is wrong	Replacing the fuel oil	
	0 1 4 64	Check the cause and	
	Overheat of the generator	eliminate it	
Others	Improper adjustment of the valve	Do adinat the walve alequence	
	clearance	Re-adjust the valve clearance	
	The connection between the flywheel and the	D : 4 11: '4	
	crankshaft is loosened	Reinstalling it	

## 3-1-7 No DC output voltage

Phenomenon	Causes	Methods of elimination
	Tripping breakers	Find out the cause of the overload and reset circuit breakers
	Diode fusing	Please send to company repair station
No DC output voltage	The circuit connection errors or fall	To pick up the
	off	Lines
	Rectifier is damaged and DC winding	replace the rectifier
	open circuit	components, stators

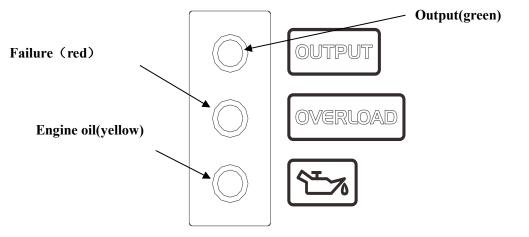
# 3-1-8 Generator stator winding overheating

Over load	Operators must be stipulated in the generator to adjust load, to avoid overload
Generator air duct was blocked, core box of dust	Regularly check and remove the generator internal
covered the surface of the coil is not easy to	obstruction and coverings, and often keep the air
transfer heat	duct cleaning, maintain normal cooling conditions
Stator winding short circuit or grounding	Check whether the stator winding is short circuit, with a megger. check whether stator winding grounding, repair or replacement of winding for short circuit and grounding

#### 3-1-9 Indicator flashes

- 1. Green light on: it means work, generator output;
- 2. Green light on, red light flashing: overload, generator output
- 3. Green light off, the red light flash once, after the interval 3S flash repeat: represents the front end of generatrix voltage is too low, no generator output;
- 4. Green light off, the red light flash twice, after the interval 3S repeat: represents engine speed is too low, no generator output;
- 5. Green light off, the red light flash three times, after the interval 3S repeat: represents inverter temperature is too high, no generator output;
- 6. Green light off, the red light flash five times, after the interval 3S repeat: represents the front end of generatrix voltage is too high, no generator output;
- 7. Green light off, the red light flash six times, after the interval 3S repeat: represents output load is too high, no generator output;

Attention: Red light stand for fault indicator light, Green light stand for working indicator light



#### 3-2 Preparation before maintenance

#### 3-2-1 Safety factors

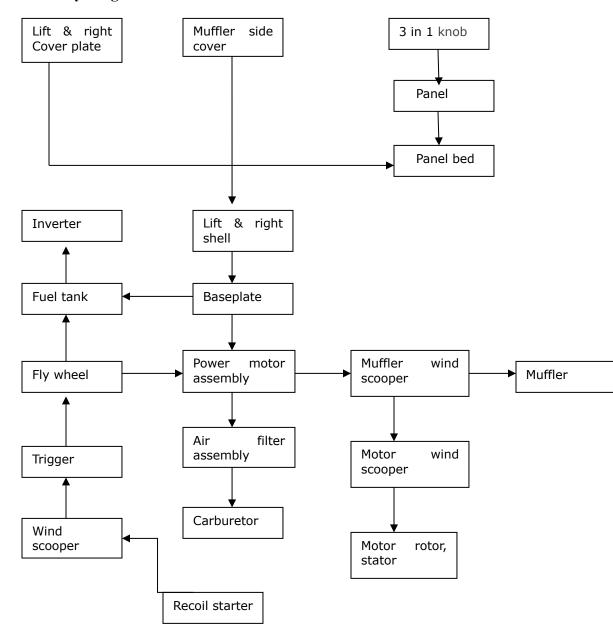
**Warning!** If the following precautions are not observed, the warranty of generator will be invalid and generator may be damaged or people may be injured. Therefore users should be especially careful of the following precautions before using generator:

- 1) Connecting the load strictly following manual on its rating plate; be sure not to run it overload or overspeed or under slow speed of revolution for a long time.
- 2 ) Using the fuel oil and engine oil of specified ratings, conduct sufficient sediment and filtering before using them. Refueling device should be kept clean and the engine oil should be changed regularly
- 3) Check if the fastening bolts on generator are tight enough regularly and tighten them in time
- 4) Clean air filter elements regularly and replace them when necessary.
- 5 ) The generator adopts forced air cooling so be sure to clean the sundries and dirt on its parts like cooling fin and wind scooper in time to ensure the normal cooling performance of generator
- 6 ) Operators should be familiar with the working principles and structure of the generator and know how to operate emergency stop buttons and all the control parts. Be sure to conduct regular maintenance and timely eliminate the faults found; it's prohibited continuing to run the generator after faults happen to it.
- 7) Please be sure to keep the generator at least one meter from buildings and other equipment before operating it and keep good ventilation; Don't put any inflammable (like gasoline and matches) beside the generator or close to the running generator to prevent the fire risk.
- 8) Refuel the generator at the place with good ventilation and with it standstill and no smoking, open fire or spark at the place or fuel oil warehouse.
- 9 ) Don't overfill the oil tank and the fuel oil shouldn't overflow; if it overflows, the overflowing oil must be cleaned thoroughly and volatilized before starting the generator
- 10 ) Don't run the generator in a confined space or a place with terrible ventilation.
- 11 ) When the generator is running or just stopped for a short time, don't touch the muffler to avoid being burned. In order to prevent burn or fire, don't move or store the generator before it cools down.
- 12 ) Safety Warning Label
- Please read the warning label carefully before using the generator; our company shall not be liable for the personal injuries or equipment damages caused by ignoring the warning label

## Special tools

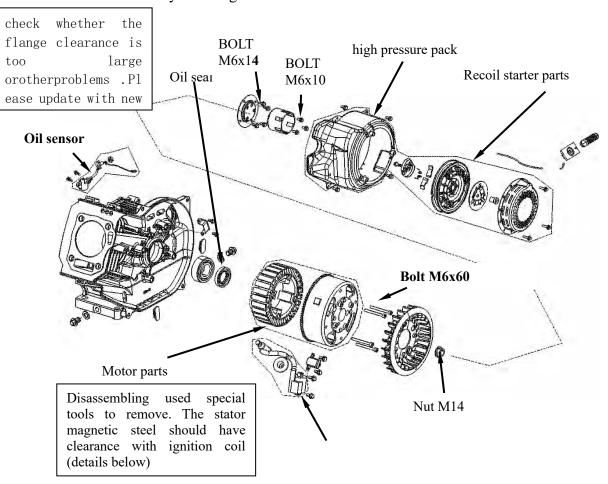
	工具名称	使用部位·备注
	Name of Tool	Using for Remarks
1.	气门导管拆装器	气门导管的拆卸、安装
	Valve guide replacer	Removal and installation Valve guide
2.	外座圈组装器	滚珠轴承的组装
	Outer race assembler	Assemble ball bearing
3.	组装器手柄	组装器装上手柄,安装轴承
	Handle of assembler	Assembler fit on the handle, fix on bearing
4.	内座圈组装器	滚珠轴承、正时齿轮的组装
	Inner race assembler	Ball bearing, timing gear assembly.
5.	金刚石研磨器 450	进排气门座面的矫正
	Diamond grinder 45 <sup>0</sup>	Correction intake exhaust valve seat surface
6.	金刚石研磨器 320	进排气门座面的矫正
	Diamond grinder 45 <sup>0</sup>	Correction intake exhaust valve seat surface
7.	飞轮拆卸器	飞轮的拆卸
	Flywheel puller	Pull of the flywheel
8.	轴承拆卸器	滚珠轴承的拆解
	Bearing puller	Removing ball bearings
9.	气门导管铰刀	气门导管内径的精铰加工
	Valve Guide Reamer	precision reaming inner diameter Valve guide

## 3-3 Disassembly Diagram

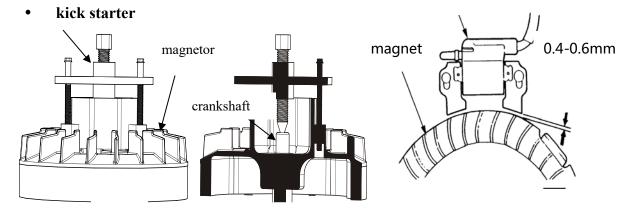


## 3-4 Engine

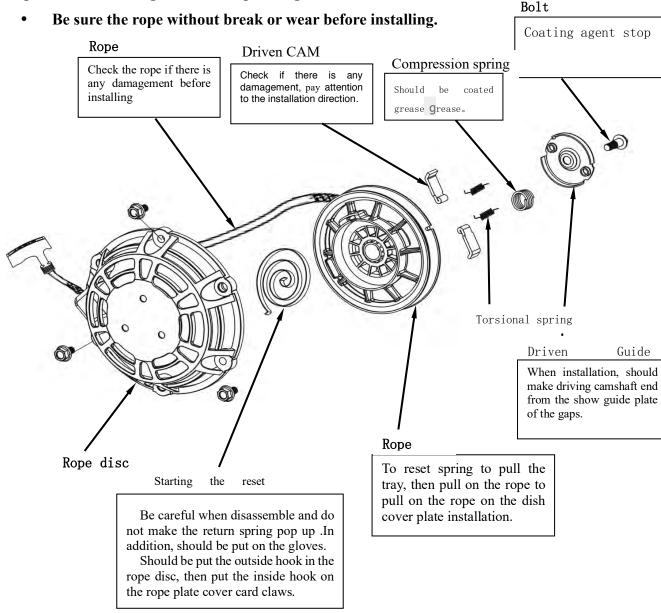
## 3-4-1 Recoil Starter/flywheel/ Ignition Coil



ignition coil

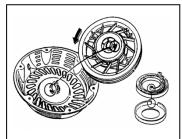


- Recoil starter
- NOTE: Be careful when you disassemble, do not make the starter coil spring pop up, please take on the gloves when operating

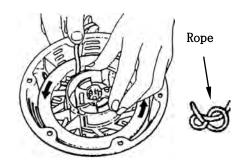


#### **Installation Instructions**

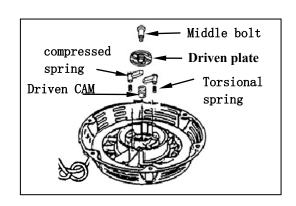
**a.** Put the reset spring in the seat cover, the hook on the outside of the reset spring should hang around the cover gaps and to align the rope groove, then assemble the seat cover to pull on the rope tray. With the starter cover card claws coating oil, then turning left when installing, just make the reset spring inside the hook in starting cover card claws.



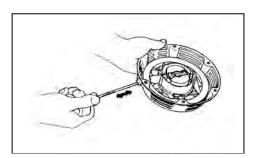
**b.** Knotting on the end of the rope, and then the other end of the rope pull hole some wear out. And then pull on the rope plate coil five laps in counterclockwise direction. Let the start rope through the starter cap hole, in the department to make a pull rope "8"Knot.



**c.** Install the driven CAM, Torsional, driven plate and middle bolt.



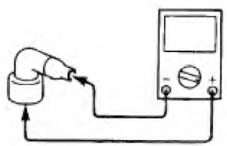
**d.** Pull the starter rope several times, check if the driven CAM return to status.



## 2) Check the ignition coil

Spark plug cap

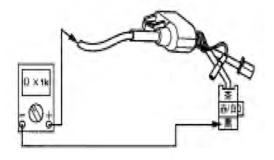
Put the tester(follow the picture) with spark plug cap, to test the spark plug cap's resistance value Spark plug cap resistance value: $5\Omega$ 



## Igniter

Put the tester terminal with the High-voltage wire coil and iron core, to test the secondary side of the coil resistance.

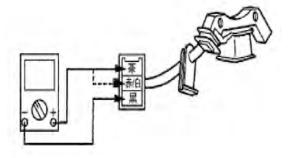
Secondary side of the coil resistance value:  $3k\Omega$ 



## Charge Coil

Put the tester (follow the picture) with charge coil, to test the charge coil resistance value.

Charge coil resistance value:  $350\Omega$ 



#### Main winding/Power winding/DC winding

DC voltage output, check whether DC over-current protectors tripping and DC socket is damaged. If damaged, replace the socket.

No voltage output, check whether the AC socket is damaged. If damaged, replace the socket.

Check whether there is voltage between motor stator power windings. If there are voltage, replace the inverter. If there is no voltage, the change of the stator.

Remove the stator from the Motor.

Check the stator winding enameled wire and cable insulation layer for obvious damage phenomenon.If they are damaged, replace the stator.

Note: Be careful damaged the the stator winding enameled wire and cable insulation when you disassembl.

WARNING Once the winding resistance decrease, it means that the insulation between the winding and ground has been damaged, if you do not take measures to repair, it must be lead the generator leakage which will endanger personal and equipment safety. Only regularly measure the insulation of the winding resistance, it can be avoid this bad situations.

#### • To test ground insulation resistance by winding.

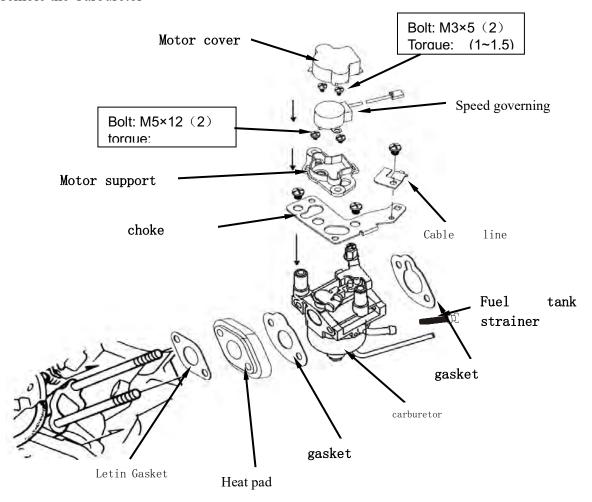
The megameter terminal by insulated wires into the winding under test anyone fuses, another terminal connected to the core .Then from slow to fast hand megameter, the clock following with the deflection, the value which stability is the winding insulation resistance.

#### Generator winding circuit testing

Use multimeter electric block to test.Put multimeter red and black pens to contact both ends of the winding wire. If the hands the deflection of normal, it means winding without breaking; if not ,it means short circuit.

#### 3-4-2Carburetor

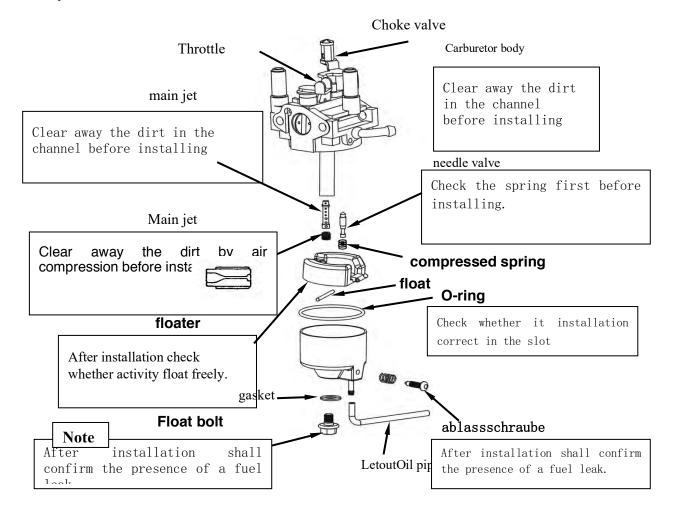
#### Disassemble the Carburetor



Gasoline is by the fuel tank through the fuel filter into the carburetor, fuel filter can filter out the impurities and the gasoline oxide of the tank .If the quality is flawed, there will be some impurities through fuel filter into the carburetor. At same time, gas contained can form gel ingredients after long time deposit will condense out of the colloid, attached to the carburetor parts (such as main orifice), oil and float on the surface .The air is through air filter into the carburetor, it based on the air intake resistance cannot be too big and other factors considering, filtration unit cannot too dense, so some tiny impurities in the air is still can into the carburetor.

To clean the carburetor should be clean with specific area. Firstly, to wipe carburetor surface, the cleaning of internal parts can use special carburetor cleaner or industry. Except the impurities, should pay attention to clean the gasoline gum on the surface of the parts. The parts need with compressed air blowing off, cloth or paper will not be used to wipe, in case of pollution again. Blocked poke holes should not use steel wire and other hard objects, it will protect carburetor performance by changing the aperture changes, and it can used or compressed air to clean out of gasoline.

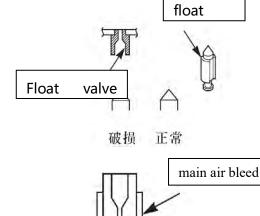
#### 1) The Carburetor Structure

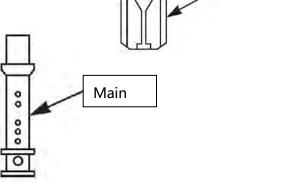


- Before install carburetors have to unscrew the drain bolt and let the internal fuel empty.
- No fire.

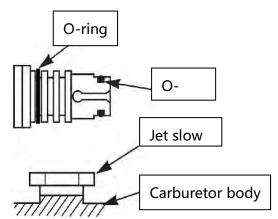
#### 3) Carburetor Installation

- a) Check the float valve and float valve seat before installation.
- b) Use compressed air to clean before installation.
- c) Use compressed air to clean before installation.





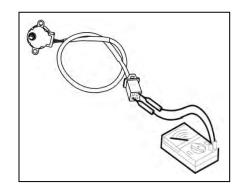
d) Use compressed air to clean and Lubricate o-ring before installation.



## 3-4-3 Speed control stepping motor

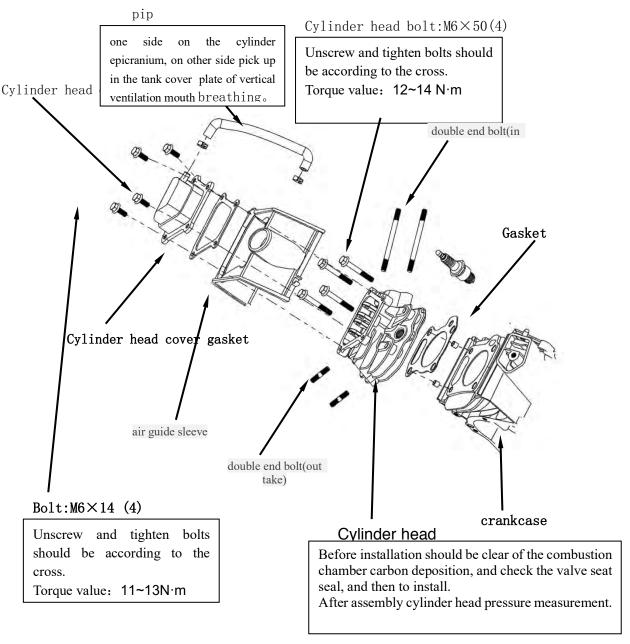
Check the motor socket within 2 resistance on the diagonal, resistance value:  $50\Omega\pm7\%\Omega$ 

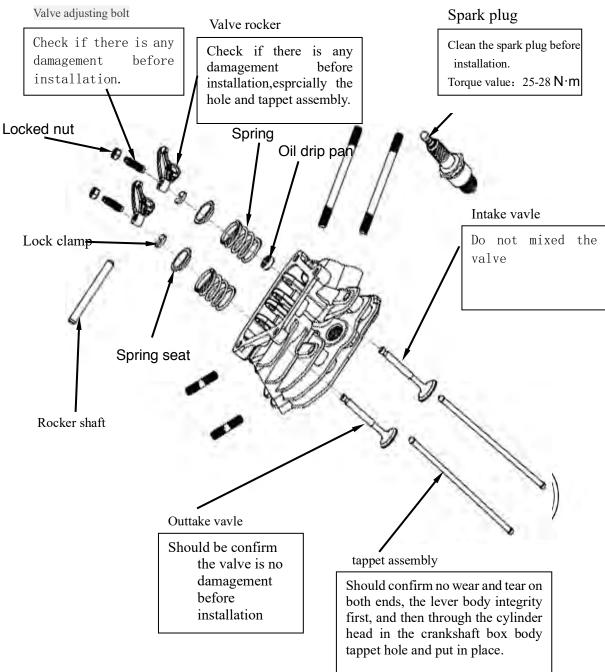
If it beyond the value ,please change a new motor
When the electric motor rotating parts center axis, it should not
be a hairpin loose phenomenon. If it is, please change a new
motor



#### 3-4-4Cylinder Head

## 1) Remove/Installation





## Valve spring seat:

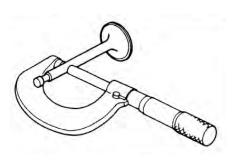
Remove the front of valve rod from the middle of the spring seat hole.

Please noted that if the cylinder head installed on the cylinder, spring seat ring may be dropped in the crankcase

## 2 ) Inspection/Maintenance/Repairing:

#### 1) Valve stem diameter

Using micrometer to check if the valve stem diameter is lower than the standard limit, visible to the naked eye, more maintenance gas appearance have ablation or crack. With above situations, you'd better to change with the new one.



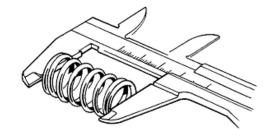
Standard		Maintenan	ce Limit
5.468~5.48mm ( in )	5.428~5.44mm ( out )	5.418mm ( in )	5.378mm ( out )

#### **2** Valve spring length

Measure the valve spring length.

If lower than the standard or out of maintenance period, please use new one.

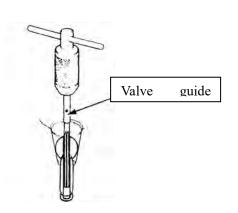
Standard	Maintenance Limit
30.5mm	29.5mm



## **3**Valve guide pipe

#### Check:

a)check whether the valve guide pipe surface smooth or not, and without scratches and strain; valve guide pipe should cooperate well with the cylinder head



b) Use the valve reamer to remove the carbon deposition before measuring inner diameter.

If lower than the standard or out of maintenance period, please use new one.

Standard	Maintenance Limit
5.5~5.512mm	5.560mm

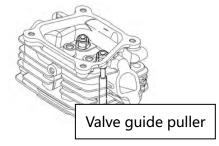
## Replacement:

- a) To replace the valve guide into the freezer frozen 1 hour or so
- b) Use the valve guide puller to remove the valve guide pipe from combustion chamber side.

### Noted

When remove the valve guide, do not damage the cylinder head.

c) Put the new valve guide pipe from the cylinder head valve spring

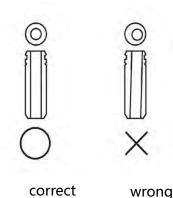


### Exhaust valve side:

Knock the exhaust duct until the retaining ring in contact with the cylinder cover completely.

**Intake valve side**: Tapping into the valve guide until the prescribed height (measured from the top of the valve guide to the cylinder head surface).

d) After installation, please check whether there is any damage on valve guide pipe, if there are any damages, please use new one.



### Reamer:

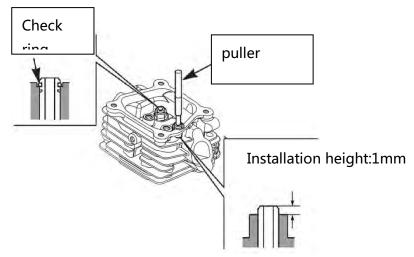
It is better to hinge the reamer with room temperature.

a) The valve reamer and valve tube coated with cutting oil. With the reamer screwing clockwise until all reamer screwing in the valve guide. Then according to clockwise pulled out the reamer from the valve guide pipe.

### Tool: reamer

- b) Thoroughly remove dirt and debris on the cylinder head.
- c) Check valve guide hole, the hole should be located in the central and should be unobstructed. If not, the valve guide pipe may have been bent. With this bad situation, you should use a new one.

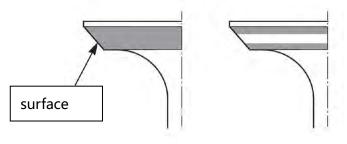
- d) Check the clearance between the catheter and the valve stem .
- e) Clearance between the valve stem and valve guide: the valve guide inner diameter minus the valve guide stem.
- f) If the clearance between the valve stem and catheter values is



out of maintenance limit, you should decide to replace a new catheter to clearance within the limit of maintenance, if so, replace the valve guide and stick ground valve guide. When replace the valve guide, you need rebuild the valve seat.

# **4** Valve seat:

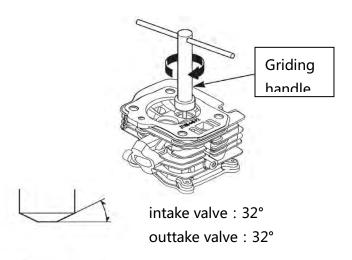
a ) Completely clear the carbon deposition which on the combustion chamber and the valve seat, then smearing a thin layer of red lead



powder, or other different wipe easily adhesion of the coating color.

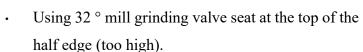
- b) Insert valve and pushing valve a few times, but make sure do not rotate the valve on the valve seat. Developed coating valve seat, it shows that the closely with the valve; On the other hand, if it not, it suggests that different heart valve and valve seat.
- c) With 45 ° mill to grind cutting, the valve seat to create a smooth concentric valve seat, only clockwise.

**Tool:** Valve grinding machine



intake valve : 45° outtake valve : 45°

d) Using 32  $^{\circ}$  to 45  $^{\circ}$  mill to reduce and adjust the valve seat, to let it contact with the valve cone parts.



• Using 45 ° mill grind the valve at the bottom of the edge contact (too low).

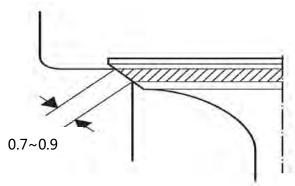




Standard	Maintenance limit	
0.7~0.9mm	2.0mm	

- e) Using the 45  $^{\circ}$  slight grinding mill to remove any burr on the edge of the valve seat.
- f ) After rebuilt the valve seat, should be check the width of the valve seat. In the valve cone

colorants, only insert valve and pushing valve a few times, but not sure that the valve on the valve seat. Valve seat's cone stained uniform coloring as shown, the valve and valve seat's cone good contacts.



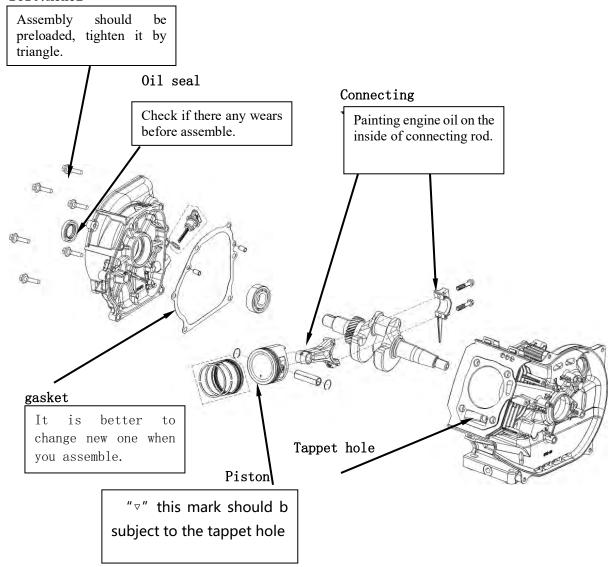
g ) On the valve seat's cone daub abrasives, use valve grinding tool rotation to the valve seat to get up to speed.

Grinding tools

h ) Check valve clearance after installation.

# 3-4-5 Crankshaft/Piston

### Bolt:M8x32



# (1) Installation

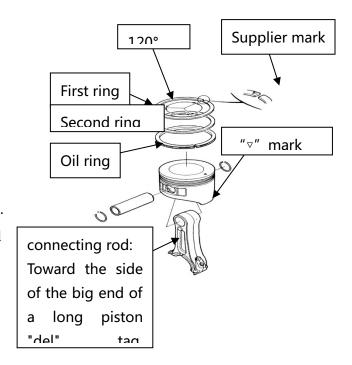
- a) Piston
- Use supplier mark up during installation. Be careful not to put first ring confused with second ring (a ring with chrome plating).
- After installation to confirm piston ring.
- Make each piston ring opening to avoid the direction of the piston pin, and 120  $^{\circ}$ .

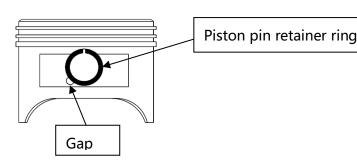
# b) Piston pin retainer ring

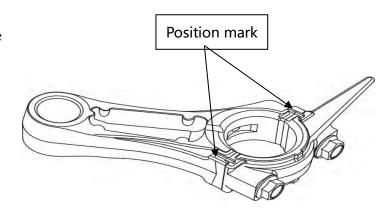
Put the front at the piston groove, then using long nose pliers clamp at the other end, turning install it in the slot at the same time. But you should avoid the gap of the piston ring.

# c) Connecting rod cover

When you install, you should put the edge of connecting rod and connecting rod at same position







# (2) Detection of piston

Check the contact situation, the piston and cylinder top ring groove defect, ablation and crack etc. If the damage is serious, you should use the new one.

### Remove the carbon deposit

The carbon deposit located on the top of the piston and cylinder flowing edge part. You should be cleared away before testing carbon deposit. Firstly use kerosene wet saturated carbon deposit, and then be removed using a blunt knife or metal brush.

# a) Piston skirt diameter

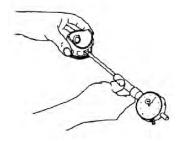
Piston skirt diameter is measured with outside micrometer, if it beyond the limit, it shall be replaced.

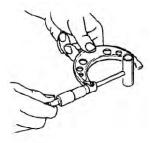


Standard	Using limit	
69.975~69.985mm	69.925mm	

# b) The clearance of piston pin hole and piston pin

With inside diameter micrometer to measure the piston pin hole diameter, and outside micrometer to measure the piston pin outer diameter. Then calculated by the measured results. If it beyond the limit, you can change the piston or piston pin with your own need.





Standard	Using limit	
0.004~0.016 mm	0.036mm	

# a) Piston-Cylinder gap

The biggest diameter of the cylinder minus the piston skirt diameter.

### Note

# Be tested the gap before and after repairing.

When you checking, the inverted piston should be in the cylinder, put the appropriate thickness gauge on the pressure surface between the cylinder wall and piston skirt, and then take out feeler gauge, if you feel some certain resistance, but you also can smooth out, that is clearance between the piston and cylinder.

Standard	Using limit	
0.015~0.04mm	0.13mm	

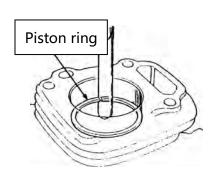
# b) The gap of piston ring side

Piston ring should be free rotation, neither loose nor sluggish acerbity. Then insert ring and groove in the plane of the upper and lower clearance with a feeler gauge in the measurement.

Standard	Using limit	
0.03~0.07mm	0.14mm	

# c) Piston ring closure gap

Put the piston ring into the cylinder, push the piston ring head to the work position, and then use the gauge to measure the opening gap .The gap should not too big nor too small .Too big ,it will make the cylinder sealing performance get poor ,when it starts, the piston ring will be expansion and stucked in the cylinder .If the ring opening gap is small ,



usable fine flat file filing .The file should be put inside the cylinder to check, until clearance is fitting.

	Standard	Using limit
First ring/Second ring	0.55~0.8075mm/0.6~0.8575mm	1.1075mm/1.1575mm

# (3) Detect the connecting rod

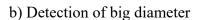
If the connecting rod bending, distortion, or cracking etc., you should the replacement of new parts.

# a) Detection of small diameter

If lower than the standard limit or out of using limit,

Replace with new one.

Standard	Using limit	
18.011~18.022mm	18.06mm	



If lower than the standard limit or out of using limit,

Replace with new one.

Standard	Using limit	
30.22~30.23mm	30.27mm	

# (1) (4) The detection of the camshaft

Camshaft is gasoline engine driving parts, it controls the inlet and exhaust valve opened or closed according to certain rule.

Structure characteristics: satisfy the requirement of control inlet and exhaust shaft with CAM and supporting shaft neck. When the camshaft working, it bear the impact load of cyclical, camshaft face friction with the lifter, it is easy to wear or scratch. Therefore, camshaft should have good lubricity and wear-resisting.

- Check the camshaft if there is any damage on the surface, the camshaft and bearing is loose, wear or tear .If it is ,you should replace all of them.
- Check the height of the camshaft, when the height less than the maintenance period, you should replace the camshaft.

	Standard	Maintenance limit
Camshaft height intake	27.59mm	27.29mm
Camshaft height outtake	27.56mm	27.26mm





• Check the camshaft neck diameter, if it is less than the standard, you should replace camshaft.

Standard	Maintenance limit
14.166~14.184mm	Using with the standard



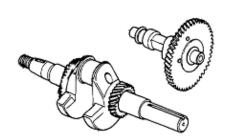
Wear reasons and affect for the engine performance:

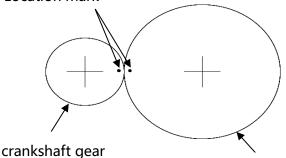
Camshaft is wearing and tearing, the main reason is poor lubrication, such as low oil viscosity, impurities, small amount of circulating oil etc, cannot make the camshaft surface full oil film which lead to the camshaft with high speed dry friction state of the surface wear serious. The accuracy installation is the second reason. When the camshaft neck and camshaft bearing fitting clearance between super bad, camshaft rotating accuracy decreased, and the related parts of biased contact surface caused by abnormal wear.

# (5) Timing gear

Check the timing gear meshing clearance, it should keep on the involution marks location on both sides of the gear.

Location mark





Camshaft gear

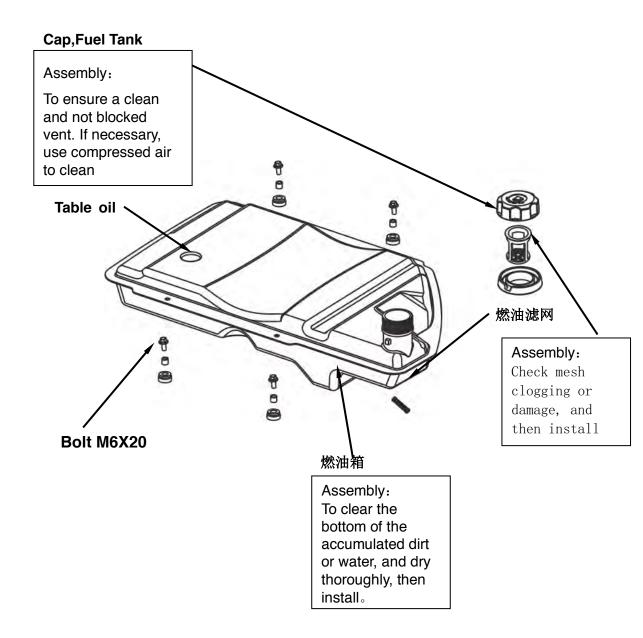
Timing gear main wear by tooth wear, tooth surface spalling or coarse, the deflection of gear, gear tooth broken etc. Due to the tooth wear, the bigger the meshing clearance, the greater the noise. If the timing gear surface touch, lack of Angle, injury or damage, it should replace new one.

Note

It is best to replace the entire new parts, in order to match the meshing .

### 3-5 Generator

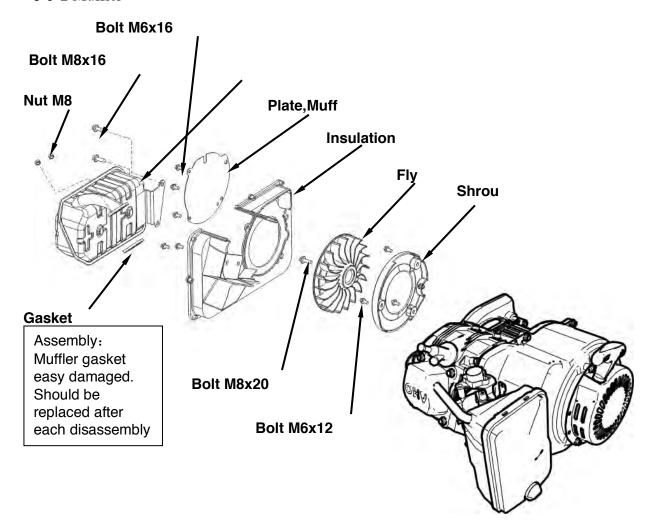
### 3-5-1 Fuel tank



# 注意 Installation Precautions

- Before installation check the tank cap vent clogging
- Fuel filter clogging or damage.
- Fuel hoses for aging and cracking.
- If a problem occurs, it should be replaced before installation.

### 3-5-2 Muffler



# 注意 As shown above dissassemble muffler

Muffler long-term use can cause carbon deposition, to the exhaust system caused a serious impact. In order to be able to work better exhaust system, we generally want to muffler remove coke processing.

When removing the muffler coke available plastic hammer to tap and use compressed air to remove.

If the muffler reservoir drops, severe corrosion, so that the exhaust noise increases,

注意 should be replaced with new parts.

Do not clean with wire, otherwise it may result in sound deadening material to fall out, thereby reducing the noise reduction performance.

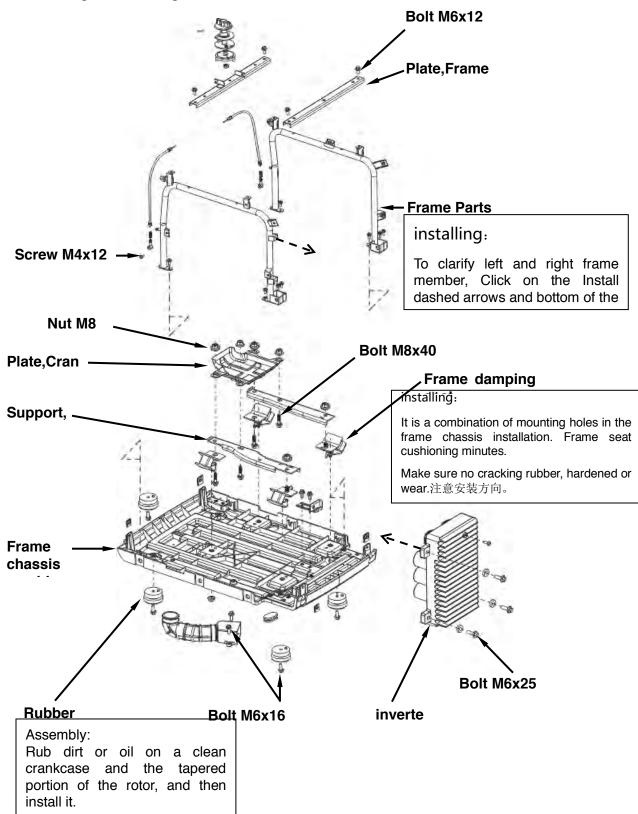
Muffler gasket can not be reused.

# ▲ 警告

- Muffler will heat. Keep the gasoline engine away from passer and out reach of children.
- During the gasoline engine is running, do not place any flammable materials near the exhaust port.

# 3-5-3 Bottom of Frame/Frame/Inverter

Removing and installing:



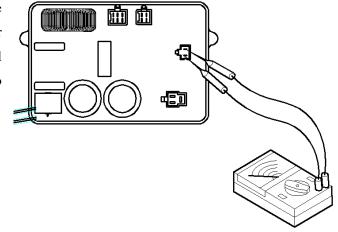
# 1) Checking

**Inverter Part** 

注 意

Inverters need to be detected in the generator operating state

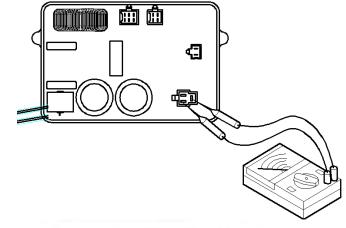
Checking the wire on the inverter whether have color change. The upper inverter filled resin whether have blister-like projections. Checking all electrical components on the inverter, connectors and wiring no visible color change or damaged.



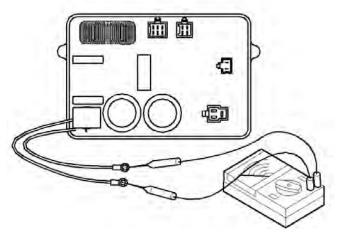
Input is Shorted Circuit (Low-voltage):Red Light. Green light off and no output. Using test megger (Low-voltage) detect low voltage socket,

if the voltage is zero or below 5V, check the engine speed is normal or motor winding output voltage is too low

Input is shorted circuit(three-phase): Red ligt, green light off and no output. Using test megger (High-voltage) detect high voltage socket if the voltage is zero or less than 150V, check the engine speed is normal or motor winding output voltage is too low.



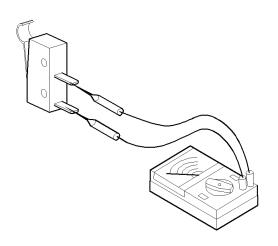
Output short Circuit: green light off, red light on. After disconnecting the output voltage of the inverter output. Using test megger Voltage detect detector profile, if the voltage is zero, replace the inverter.



### Sensitive Switch

When spring is in the bounce state sheet, with an ohmmeter measure resistance between two output terminals. If the resistance is zero, replace the micro switch.

When the spring plate in a compressed state, with an ohmmeter measure resistance between two output terminals. If infinite resistance, replace the micro switch.

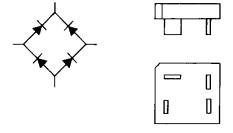


### Rectifier

Rectifier bridge internal circuit as picture shown above. Multimeter to check each terminal of the rectifier bridge on/off

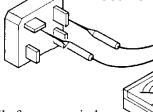
It's When the rectifier bridge instructions show on/off its instructions below normal.

3.5.1.1		Red Pin ⊕Test			
Mult	Multimeter		Blue	Red	Blackk
Black	Blue		Off	Off	On
Pin	Blue	Off		On	On
Test	Red	On	On		On
	Black	Off	Off	Off	



Rectifier

ri



Tip 1: "Continuous" refers to a diode conducting special

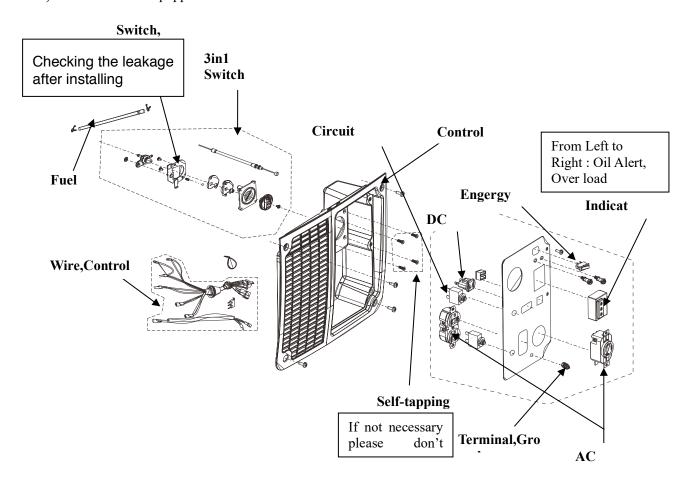
### Resistance

which is different from the short circuit when the check fails for any period,

Replacement of a bridge rectifier.

# 3-5-4 Control Panel Components

# 1) Remove and Equipped



### **Checking Combination Switch**

When the combination switch in each position, checking the ignition circuit, fuel switch, choke switch status

Close switch Sis "OFF", the ignition circuit is turned off, namely two micro switch output terminal is turned on, the ignition grounding; oil switch is turned off, the engine would not run.

When the combination switch is "ON", the ignition circuit is in working condition, that both the output terminals micro switch off; oil switch is turned on; the choke is fully open state, the engine can be run properly.

When the combination switch in the | "CHOKE", the ignition circuit is in working condition, that two output terminals micro switch off; oil switch is turned on; the choke in the closed state.

When the switch is in the respective positions. The continuity between the switch terminals to be checked.

### WIRE

Removing the wire harness from the panel, rectifier and the inverter. Check wire insulation for any obvious damage. If it is damaged, replace the harness.

Using an ohmmeter check continuity of each wire, confirm that each wire is turned on. If infinite resistance, replace the harness.

NOTE: Use tongs when removing and tipping harness, to avoid damage to the wire and wire connectors with appropriate force.

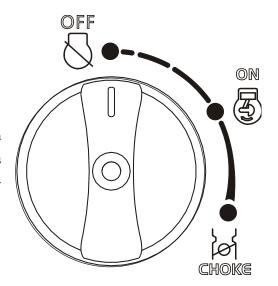
# Oil Alert Indicator (Yellow)

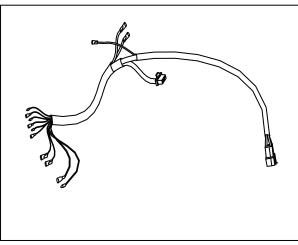
When the crankcase oil drop below the safety line, oil protection system will automatically shut down the engine, and the oil warning indicator light; add oil to the engine oil level, engine can starting again.

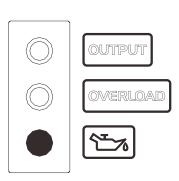
Tip: If the engine stall or not start rotating power switch knob to the "ON" position, then pull the handle to start,

If the oil warning light blinks for a few seconds, the engine oil capacity is insufficient, add oil and restart.

Check with ohmmeter indicator to confirm conduction, if infinite resistance, replace the lamp.

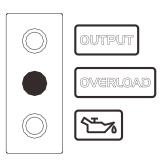






### Fault indicator (Red)

Fault indicator is on, the detected output of the generator is connected to the electrical equipment has been overloaded, resulting in a Inverter overheating, or AC in pressure. In this case, AC protection work to stop this generator, in order to protect the generator and electrical equipment connected. AC indicator (green) goes off and the fault indicator (red) lights up, but the engine will not stop running operation.



When the fault indicator lights up, and the unit when there is no output, please take the following countermeasures:

- 1. Turn off electrical equipment connected, stop the engine.
- 2. Turn off all the connected electrical equipment total power to the range of the rated output.
- 3. Check whether the cold air inlet blockage, there are problem related to the control means. If abnormal excluded immediately.
- 4. After checking, restart the engine.

Tip: When using a high starting current electrical equipment (such as compressors, submersible pumps, etc.), beginning fault indicator may light a few seconds, but this is not mentioned above failures. Check with ohmmeter indicator to confirm conduction, if infinite resistance, replace the lamp.

### AC indicator (green)

Start the engine and normal output, AC indicator light up.

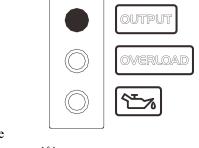
Check with ohmmeter indicator to confirm conduction, if infinite resistance, replace the lamp

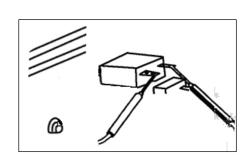
#### DC circuit breaker

When connected to a generator of electronic equipment operation, if the current exceeds the rated current, the DC switch automatically go to "OFF" position. The generator operation again, set the DC switch Press the "ON" position.

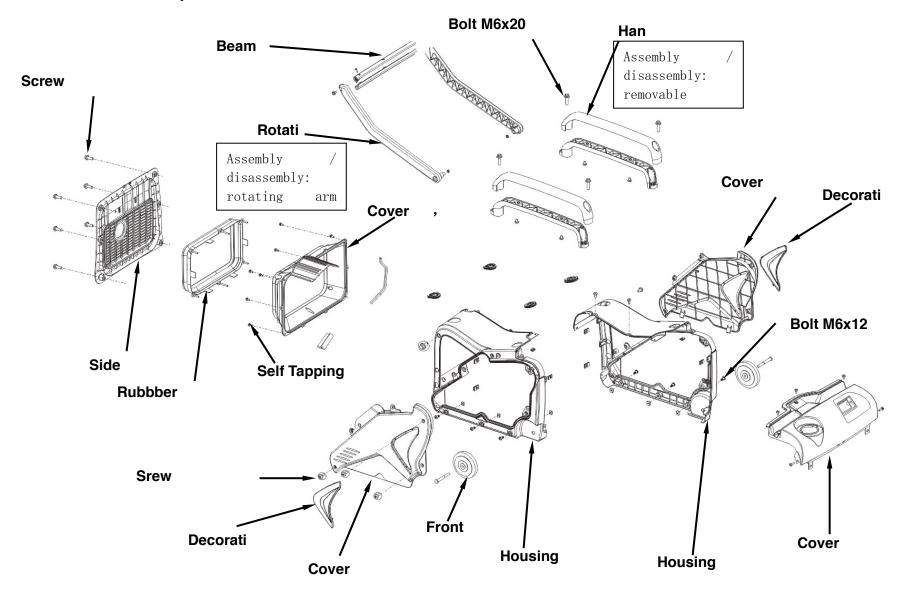
Checking continuity between the terminals of the DC circuit breaker with a multimeter

The conduction should be on when the button of Circuit breaker is pressed



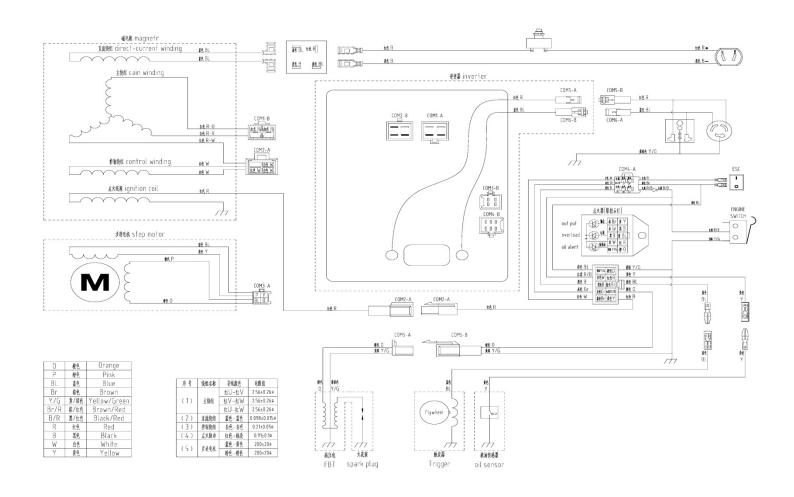


# 3-5-5 Exterior Assembly



# **FOURTH PART Wiring diagram**

# 4-1 Wiring diagram



# Attachment

# **Torque Sheet**

Item No.	Items	Thread Size	Grade	Torque ( N·m )
1	Shroud,Muffler	ST4.8×16	4.8-A	4±1
2	Guide plate,Pull Rope	M5×12	4.8-A	4±1
3	Housing,RH LH	M6×19 ( 六角 台阶螺栓 )	8.8-B	9±1
4	Side cover,Muffler	M5×16	4.8-A	4±1
5	Fuel Switch	M6×12	8.8-B	10±2
6	Support,Inverter	M6	8-A	9±1
7	Inverter	M6×12	8.8-A	9±1
8	Control panel	ST4.2×16	4.8-A	3±1
9	и : С . 1 1 .	M6×12	8.8-A	9±1
10	Housing,Control plate	M5×16	4.8-A	4±1
11	Cover plate,RH Lh	M5×12	4.8-A	3±1
12	Support,Fuel Switch	ST4.2×16	4.8-A	4±1
13	Rotator	M4×16	4.8-A	3±1
14	Housing,RH LH(Injection oil)	ST4.2×16	4.8-A	3±1
15	Housing,Rh Lh ( Handle )	M5×16	4.8-A	3±1
16	Fly wheel	M6×10	8.8-A	9±1
17	Housing Comp, Magnetic rotor	M12×1.25	8-A	28±2
18	Rectifier	M4×16	4.8-A	4±1
19	Housing Comp, Magnetic rotor	M5×35	5.8-A	6±1
20	Motor wind shield	M6×30	8.8-A	9±1
21	E	M6×12	8.8-A	9±1
22	Frame cushion	M6	8-A	9±1
23	Frame Seat	M6×14	8.8-A	4±1

# Standard torque parameters

Fastening Parts	Thread Size	Torque ( N·m )
SCREW,BOLT	5mm SCREW,BOLT	5±1
	6mm SCREW,BOLT	10±2
	8mm SCREW,BOLT	20±2
	10mm SCREW,BOLT	32±2
	12mm SCREW,BOLT	55±5
	4mm SCREW	2±1
	5mm SCREW	4±1
	6mm SCREW	8±2
	5mm Flange bolts	5±1
	6mm SCREW	8±2
	5mm Flange bolts	5±1
	6mm Flange bolts	12±2
	8mm Flange bolts	22±2
	10mm Flange bolts	40±5